

1. icoFoam

```
Boundary: frontAndBack
=====
Field type
=====
U    empty
p    empty
=====

Boundary: inlet
=====
Field type      value
=====
U    fixedValue uniform (10 0 0)
p    zeroGradient
=====

Boundary: outlet
=====
Field type      value
=====
U    zeroGradient
p    fixedValue uniform 0
=====

Boundary: sciany
=====
Field type      value
=====
U    fixedValue uniform (0 0 0)
p    zeroGradient
=====

Table of boundary conditions for t = 0
=====
frontAndBack inlet      outlet      sciany
-----
Patch Type empty      patch      patch      wall
-----
U        empty      fixedValue  zeroGradient fixedValue
p        empty      zeroGradient fixedValue  zeroGradient
=====

Dimensions of fields for t = 0
=====
Name kg m s K mol A cd
=====
U    0   1  -1 0 0   0 0
p    0   2  -2 0 0   0 0
=====

Internal value of fields for t = 0
=====
Name Value
=====
U    uniform (0 0 0)
p    uniform 0
=====

Linear Solvers
=====
Name Solver      Abs. Tolerance Relative Tol.
=====
p    PCG          1e-06      0
```

```

U      smoothSolver 1e-05          0
===== ===== ===== =====

```

only nu setting are present in transportProperties dictionary
Selected schemat for finite volume discretization

| Operator group | Equation element | Scheme |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| ddtSchemes | default | Euler |
| gradSchemes | default | Gauss linear |
| | grad(p) | Gauss linear |
| divSchemes | default | none |
| | div(phi,U) | Gauss linear |
| laplacianSchemes | default | Gauss linear orthogonal |
| interpolationSchemes | default | linear |
| snGradSchemes | default | orthogonal |

keyword fluxRequired is set to

```

{
    default      no;
    p           ;
}

solvers
{
    p
    {
        solver      PCG;
        preconditioner  DIC;
        tolerance    1e-06;
        relTol       0;
    }

    U
    {
        solver      smoothSolver;
        smoother     symGaussSeidel;
        tolerance    1e-05;
        relTol       0;
    }
}

PISO
{
    nCorrectors   2;
    nNonOrthogonalCorrectors 0;
    pRefCell      0;
    pRefValue     0;
}

```

2. pisoFoam

In this section we will show how to change case files to use pisoFoam instead od icoFoam

| File | Change | Notes |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| transportProperties | transportModel Newtonian; | |
| constant/turbulenceProperties | simulationType laminar; | |
| system/fvSchemes | div((nuEff*dev(T(grad(U))))) Gauss linear; in divschemes section | |
| system/solvers | pFinal | |

By the way, for solving p field, the GAMG solver is much better than Gauss-Sidel or PCG.

```
pFinal
{
\$p;
tolerance 1e-06;
relTol 0;
}
```

2.1. pisoFoam with turbulence on

This section explains, how to set up simulation with $k - \varepsilon$ turbulence model on.

| File | Change | Notes |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| constant/turbulenceProperties | simulationType RASModel | |
| constant/RASProperties | RASModel kEpsilon; turbulence on; printCoeffs on; | new file |
| 0/k | look into tutorial files | new boundary condition file |
| 0/epsilon | look into tutorial files | new boundary condition file |
| system/fvSchemes | div(phi,epsilon) | in div section |
| system/fvSchemes | div(phi,k) | in div section |
| fvSolutions | k and epsilon | ie. "(U-k-epsilon)" instead of just U |

Conduct research on flow image for backward facing step using inlet velocity $u_x = 50[m/s]$ time step $\Delta t = 1e - 4$.