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Coal degasing

Coking process

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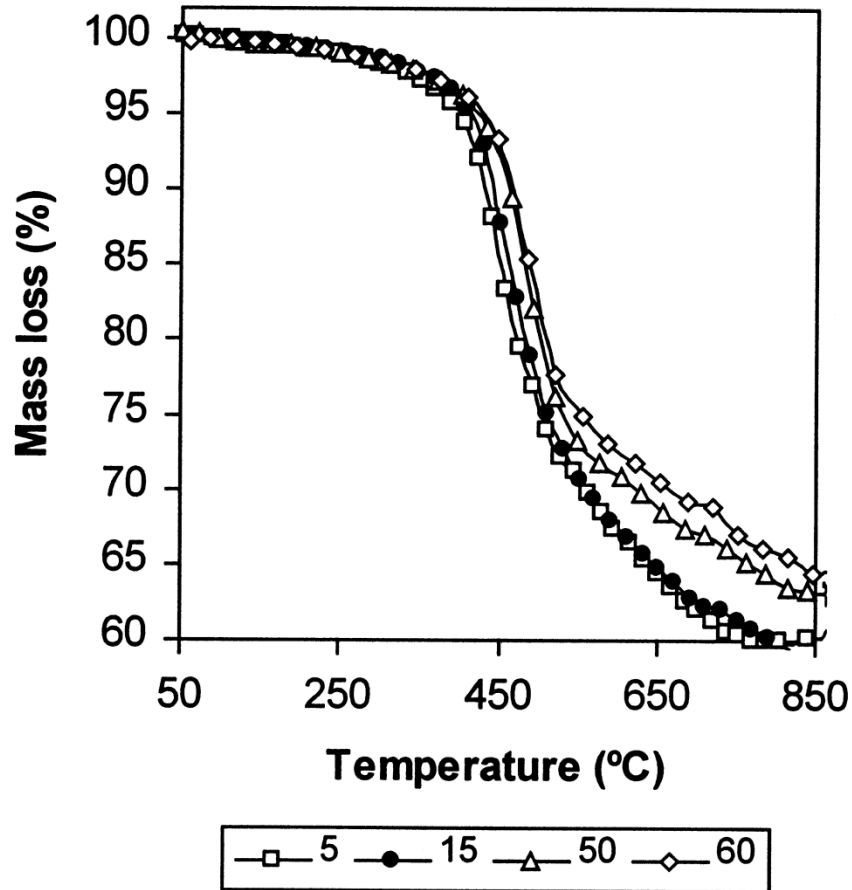
Kraków, 2012



Coal degasing - pyrolysis

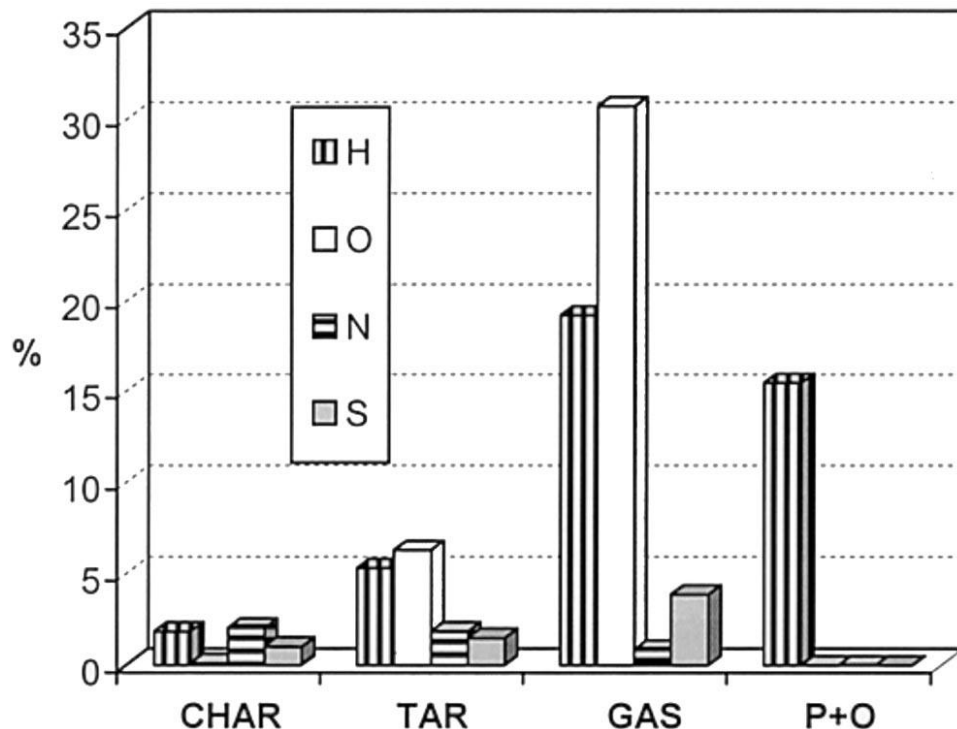
Degasing is the proces in which carbonaceous materials are outgased

Coal degasing - pyrolysis



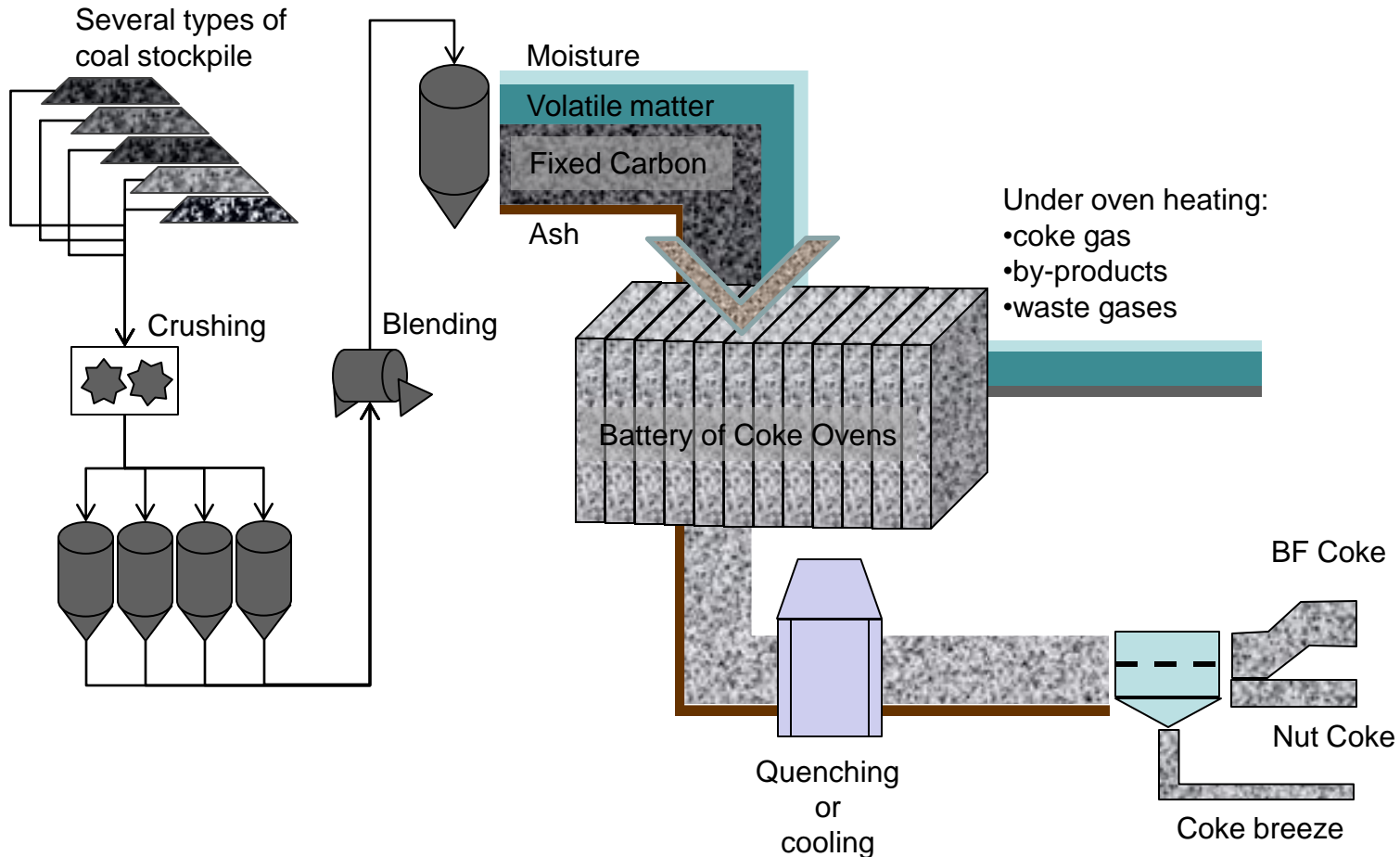
- about 105°C water is evaporated at temp.
- up to about 200°C occluded gases are released
- up to 350°C CO₂ and H₂S are produced from elements present in surface groups
- 350-500°C primary decomposition of organic matter - HC are produced (tar, decay water)
- over 500°C secondary outgassing with produce of CH₄ (peak at 570°C) and H₂ (peak at 810°C)

Coal degasing - pyrolysis



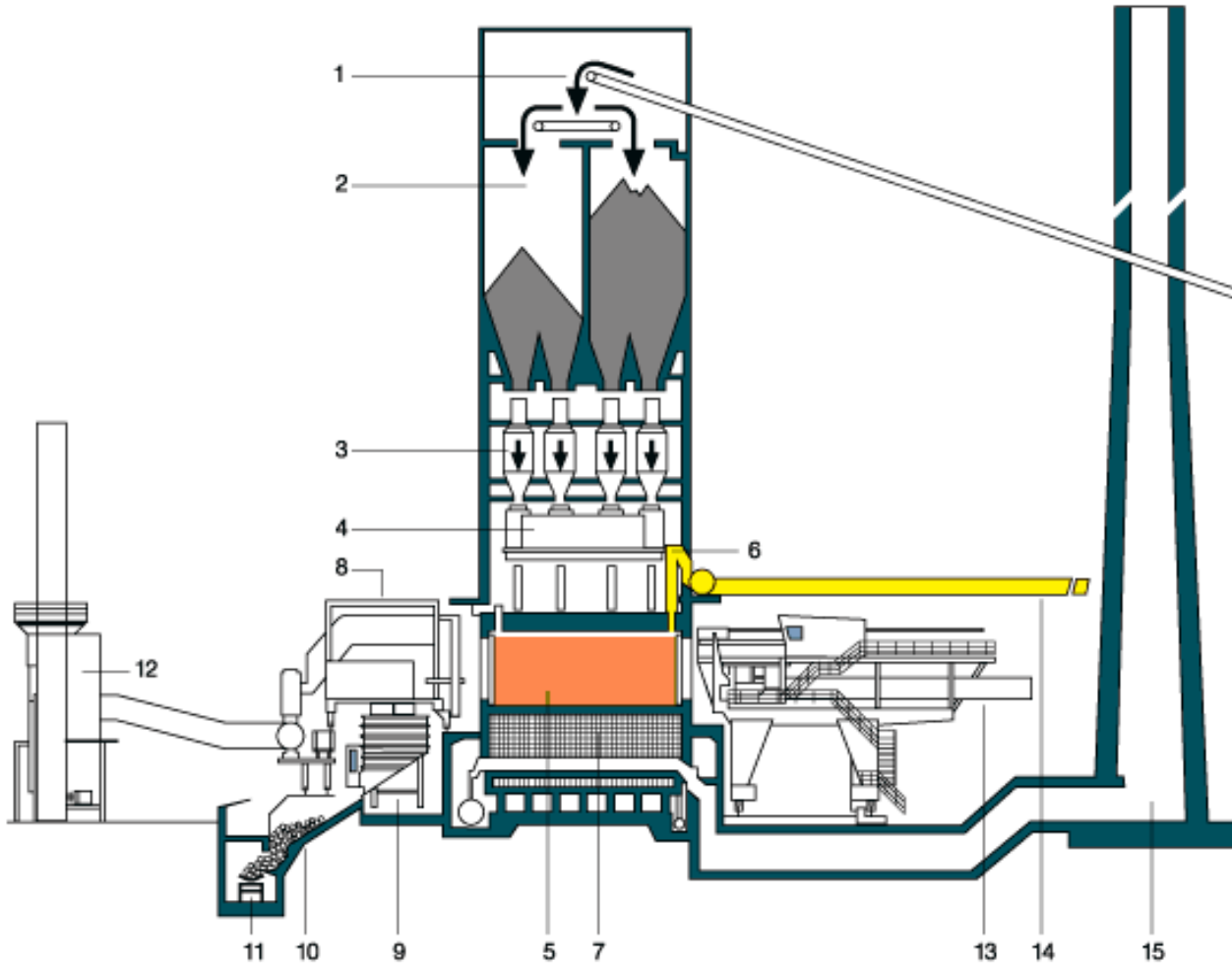
- Hydrogen is mainly distributed to gas and short chain HC (Parafines and Olefines)
- Oxygen generally to tar and gas (CO₂)
- Nitrogen migrate to
 - tar
 - gas (ammonia water)
- Sulphur enrich the gas in different compounds

Coking plant scheme



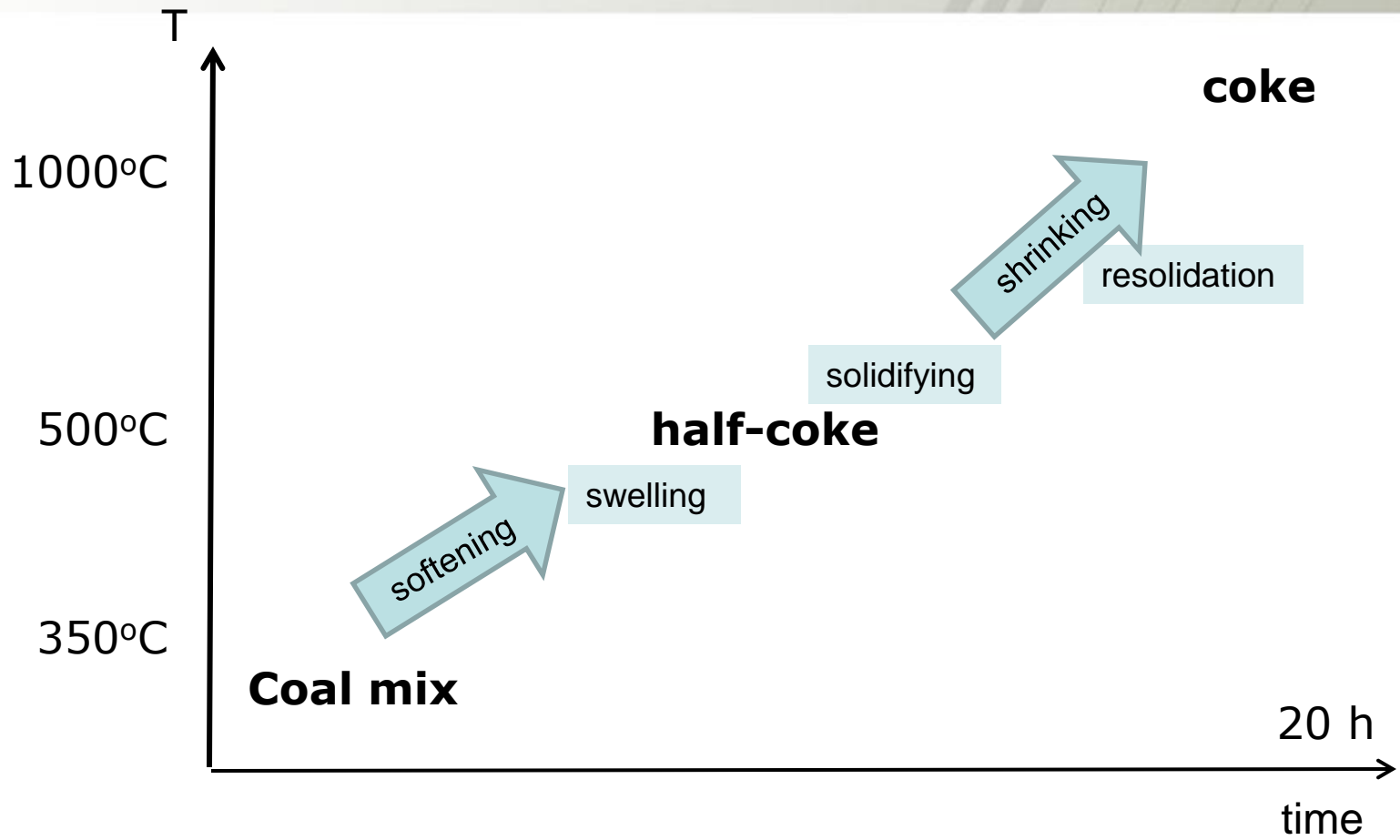
Coking plant scheme

vertical cross-section



1. Coal from the mixing and grinding plant
2. Coal bunker
3. Weighing containers
4. Charging car
5. Coke oven chamber
6. Riser
7. Regenerator
8. Transfer machine
9. Quenching car
10. Coke wharf
11. Coke for the blast furnace
12. Dedusting of coke output
13. Coke pusher
14. Gas for the coal by products plant
15. Chimney

Phases of coking



Coking - products

General components:

- gas-coking coal
- ortho-coking coal (3 types)
- high-carbon coal (2 types)

up to 12 components

Product by weight ratio:

- coke – 70-80%
- coal tar – 2,5-4,5%
- condensed water – 3-5%
- ammonia – 0,2-0,4%
- benzol – 0,8-1,4%
- coke gas– 12-18%

